A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Name of College or University College of Charleston Mailing Address, City/State/Zip 66 George Street, Charleston, SC 29424 Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip Main phone (843) 953-5507 WWW Home Page Address http://www.cofc.edu Admissions Phone Number (843) 953-5670 Admission toll-free number Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip Admissions, 66 George St., Charleston, SC

29424 Admissions Fax number: (843) 953-6322 Admissions E-mail Address: admissions@cofc.edu Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, pleasespecify:

A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)

X Public Private (nonprofit) Proprietary

A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:

X Coeducational college Men's college Women's college

A4. Academic year calendar

- X Semester

- **4**-1-4
- Continuous (describe): Quarter

interim

Trimester Differs by program (describe):

- Other (describe): 3 week
- May X

session

A5. Degrees offered by your institution

	Certificate	Х	Postbachelor's certificate
	Diploma	Х	Master's
	Associate		Post-master's certificate
	Transfer		Doctoral
	Terminal		First professional
X	Bachelor's		First professional certificate

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Undergraduates					
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	638	1,232	3	1	
Other first-year, degree- seeking	250	281	16	22	
All other degree-seeking	2,301	4,100	244	339	
Total degree-seeking	3,189	5,613	263	362	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	38	81	137	141	
Total undergraduates	3,227	5,694	400	503	
First-professional					
First-time, first-professional students					
All other first-professionals					
Total first-professional					
Graduate					
Degree-seeking, first-time	34	92	10	51	
All other degree-seeking	35	123	74	159	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3	10	152	969	
Total graduate	72	225	236	1,179	

Total all undergraduates: ____9,824_____

Total all graduate and professional students: <u>1,712</u>

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: <u>11,536</u>

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	42	180	224
Black, non-Hispanic	165	800	828
American Indian or Alaskan Native	4	28	28
Asian or Pacific Islander	31	143	145
Hispanic	38	130	138
White, non-Hispanic	2,089	7,950	8,223
Race/ethnicity unknown	74	196	238
Total	2,443	9,427	9,824

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2002, to June 30, 2003.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	<u>2,162</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	1
Master's degrees	<u>174</u>
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	
1	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2003 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1997 cohort if available. If fall 1997 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1996 cohort.

Fall 1996 Cohort	Fall 1997 Cohort
Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1996 . Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1996 .	Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1997 . Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1997 .
B4. Initial 1996 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1,869	B4. Initial 1997 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:1,567

B5. Of the initial **1996** cohort, how many did not persist **B5.** Of the initial **1997** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions: total allowable exclusions: church missions: total allowable exclusions: 2 0 B6. Final 1996 cohort, after adjusting for allowable B6. Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1.869 exclusions: 1,565 (Subtract question B5 from question B4) (Subtract question B5 from question B4) **B7.** Of the initial **1996** cohort, how many completed the **B7.** Of the initial **1997** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2000): program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001): <u>624</u> **B8**. Of the initial **1996** cohort, how many completed the **B8**. Of the initial **1997** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001): (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002): 326 **B9.** Of the initial **1996** cohort, how many completed the **B9.** Of the initial **1997** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002): (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003): 56 45 B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): **1,006** B7, B8, and B9): 871 B11. Six-year graduation rate for 1996 cohort (question B11. Six-year graduation rate for 1997 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): _____53.8_____% B10 divided by question B6): _____%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2000 cohort if available. If 2000 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 1999 cohort.

1999 Cohort

B12. Initial **1999** cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

B13. Of the initial **1999** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

B14. Final **1999** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions_____

(Subtract question B13 from question B12)

B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total): _____

2000 Cohort

B12. Initial **2000** cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

B13. Of the initial **2000** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

B14. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions_____

(Subtract question B13 from question B12)

B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total): _____

B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2003? _____%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2003. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	<u>2,585</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	<u>5,021</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	<u>1,521</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u>3,039</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u>638</u>
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u>3</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	

C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on

space availability)

-	•						_
Do you l	nave a policy	of placing	students	on a wa	aiting list?	Yes	🔀 No
If yes, pl	ease answer	the questio	ns below	for fall	2003 admis	sions:	

Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list	
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	
Number of wait-listed students admitted	

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted

High school diploma or equivalent is not required

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

🛛 I	Require
-----	---------

Recommend

Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	20	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	4
Science	3	4
Of these, units that must be lab	3	
Foreign language	2	3
Social studies	3	
History		2
Academic electives	4	
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students ____

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degreeseeking (freshman) admission decisions.

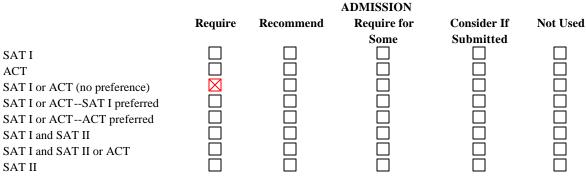
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Secondary school record Class rank Recommendation(s) Standardized test scores Essay				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status Volunteer work Work experience				

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degreeseeking applicants? 🛛 Yes 🗌 No

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.



In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

Placement	🔀 Yes	No
Counseling	Yes	🔀 No

B. Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for **placement only**? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below: **PLACEMENT**

for

	Require	Recommend	Require f
			some
SAT I			
SAT II			
ACT			
SAT I or ACT			

C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission_April 1

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission <u>N/A</u>

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled**, **degree-seeking**, **full-time and part-time**, **first-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **students** enrolled in fall 2003, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<u>79.8%</u>	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>1,310</u>
Percent submitting ACT scores	<u>20.1%</u>	Number submitting ACT scores	<u>330</u>

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	Average
SAT I Verbal	560	640	605
SAT I Math	560	640	601
ACT Composite	22	25	24
ACT English			
ACT Math			

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	8.3%	5.5%
600-699	47.3%	47.6%
500-599	41.8%	44.2%
400-499	2.6%	2.7%
300-399		
200-299		
	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	2.1%		
24-29	49.4%		
18-23	47.6%		
12-17	0.9%		
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class27.8%Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class61.9%Percent in top half of high school graduating class92.9%

Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class

Top half + bottom half = 100%.

Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class 0.9%

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: _77.7%_____

7.1%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher_95.8%Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99_4.2%Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99_____Percent who had GPA below 1.0______100%______

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: <u>91.5</u>%

Admission Policies

C13.	App	licat	ion	fee
U 10.	TTPP	ncui	1011	IUU

Does your institution have an application fee?	Xes Yes	No No	
Amount of application fee: <u>\$35 web/\$45 paper</u> Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	🛛 Yes	🗌 No	
C14. Application closing date			
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall): <u>April 1st</u> Priority date: <u>December 1st (early action)</u>	🔀 Yes	□ No	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms of	her than the fall	? 🛛 Yes 🗌 No)
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill	in one only)		
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): _ Early action – February 1/Regular admission Other:	<u>ı – April 1</u>		
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)			
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within2 weeks if notified th Other:	hereafter		
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow student	ts to postpone er	nrollment after admi	ssion?
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institutine, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before			
C20. Common Application: Will you accept the Common App School Principals if submitted? If "yes," are supplemental forms required? Is your college a member of the Common Application Grou		ted by the National A Yes ☐ No Yes	Association of Secondary

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21	. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permit	s students to apply and
	be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks	students to commit to
	attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?	No No

If "yes," please complete the following:	
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date	
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date	
For the Fall 2003 entering class:	
Number of early decision applications received by you Number of applicants admitted under early decision pla	
Please provide significant details about your early details	cision plan:

C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?

🛛 Yes 🗌 No

If "yes," please comp lete the following:

Early action closing date	November 15
Early action notification date	February 1

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

- D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? Yes No (If no, please skip to Section E)
 If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? Yes No
- **D2.** Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2003.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	856	509	248
Women	1218	797	381
Total	2074	1306	629

Application for Admission

- D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll: ☐ Fall ☐ Winter Spring Summer
- D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?
 ☑ Yes □ No

If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure? <u>30 hours</u>

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript				< 30 hours	
College transcript(s)	Χ				
Essay or personal statement				Χ	
Interview					Χ
Standardized test scores				< 30 hours	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					X

- **D6.** If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): _____
- **D7**. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): <u>2.6 for in-state, 3.0 for out-of-state</u>____
- D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: <u>GPA must be calculated from all colleges attended</u>

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		April 1 st		June 1 st	Χ
Winter					
Spring		November 1 st		December 1 st	X
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission	policy, if rep	orted, apply to	transfer students?	Yes	🔀 No
-----------------------------	----------------	-----------------	--------------------	-----	------

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: <u>International students must also submit TOEFL score of 550 or above and have a certification of finances as well as a</u> <u>credentials evaluation from an accredited agency</u>

Transfer Credit Policies

- D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: <u>"C" or 2.0 on 4.0 scale</u>
- D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number <u>60</u> Unit type <u>semester hours</u>
- D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number ______ Unit type __semester hours ______
- D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
- D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: <u>30 semester</u> hours

D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

<u>Pass/fail grades may be granted credit if the home institution will certify in writing that the "pass" grade is equivalent to a grade of "C" or "2.0 on a 4.0 scale"</u>

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

- E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
 - Accelerated program
 - Cooperative (work-study) program
 - Cross-registration
 - Distance learning
 - Double major
 - Dual enrollment
 - English as a Second Language (ESL)
 - Exchange student program (domestic)
 - External degree program
 - Other (specify): Semester at Sea

- Honors program
- Independent study
- Internships
- Liberal arts/career combination
- Student-designed major
- 🔀 Study abroad
- Teacher certification program
- U Weekend college

E2. Has been removed from the CDS.

E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

- Arts/fine arts
- Computer literacy
- English (including composition)
- Foreign languages
- History
- Other (describe):

- Humanities
- Mathematics
- □ Philosophy
- Sciences (biological or physical)
- Social science

Library Collections

Report the number of holdings at the end of the 2002-03 fiscal year for each of the categories below. Refer to the Academic Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections," lines 22-26, column 2 for corresponding equivalents.

E4. Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (including government documents) [line 22]: <u>539,746</u> **E5.** Current serial subscriptions [line 26]: <u>3,322</u>

E6. Microforms [line 24]: <u>816,165</u>

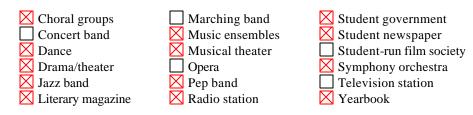
E7. Audiovisual materials [line 25]: <u>6,194</u> **E8.** E-Books [line 23]: <u>23,251</u>

F. STUDENT LIFE

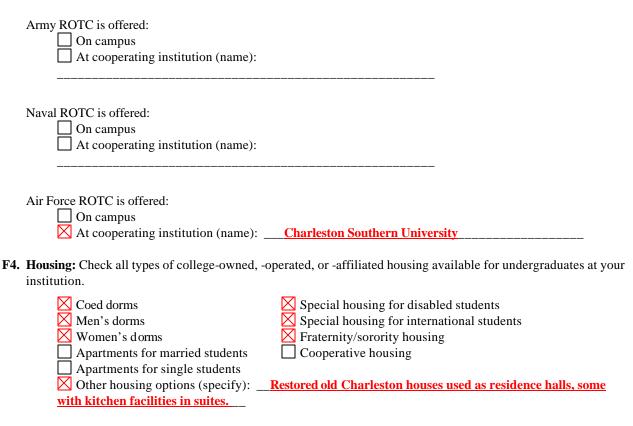
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2003 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens)	36.6%	33.4%
Percent of men who join fraternities	7.8%	11.5%
Percent of women who join sororities	17.3%	16.5%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	84.1%	26.3%
Percent who live off campus or commute	15.9%	73.7%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	8.2%
Average age of full-time students	18.1	20.5
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.1	21.0

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.



F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)



G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2004-2005 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2004-2005 academic year costs are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2004-2005 academic year costs will be available:

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2004-2005 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$6,202	\$6,202
In-state (out-of-district):	\$6,202	\$6,202
Out-of-state:	\$14,140	\$14,140
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$14,140	\$14,140
REQUIRED FEES:		
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)		
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	\$4,446*	\$4,446*
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	\$2,060	\$2,060

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees): _____

Important Notes:

*Room costs are the weighted average of a tiered dorm pricing system. Room costs range from \$3,620 to \$6,180 per academic year with the majority of available rooms at \$3,824.

Other:		
G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12_minimum	21_maximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Yes	🛛 No
G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:		

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$910	\$910	\$910
Room only:			\$5,856*
Board only:			\$1,768*
Transportation:	\$843	\$2,535	\$2,535
Other expenses:	\$1,833	\$1,833	\$1,833

*Budget expects student to have one roommate.

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$258
In-state (out-of-district):	\$258
Out-of-state:	\$589
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$589

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants Non-need tuition waivers Non-need athletic awards Non-need federal grants Non-need state grants Non-need outside grants Non-need student loans Non-need parent loans Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2002-2003 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2002-2003 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for **items H1**, **H2**, **H2A**, and **H6** below: \boxtimes 2003-2004 estimated or \square 2002-2003 final

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)

____ Federal methodology (FM)

____ Institutional methodology (IM)

____ Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based
	use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$4,928,407	
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	4,668,710	\$9,834,611
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	1,162,848	4,102,592
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	568,485	834,104
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$11,328,450	\$14,771,307
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$12,991,771	\$7,320,239
Federal Work-Study	309,955	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		2,074,086
Total Self-Help	\$13,301,726	\$9,394,325
Parent Loans	7,521,402	7,700,397
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	97,460	201,326
Athletic Awards	603,772	1,712,146

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in <u>H1</u>. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2003 cohort)	1870	8802	625
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1103	4517	257
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	730	3428	227
d)	Number of students in line \mathbf{c} who were awarded any financial aid	698	3313	188
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	516	2113	107
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	483	2781	165
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	538	1255	3
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>)	200	846	41
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>)	62.8%	62.5%	54.0%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$8,261	\$8,696	\$7,164
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$3,132	\$2,854	\$1,680
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized</u> <u>loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$2,265	\$3,435	\$3,733
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and</u> <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need- based loan	\$2,304	\$3,500	\$3,755

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional—not external—non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	203	721	5
0)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$9,748	\$10,338	\$2,891
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	27	149	0
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$15,117	\$11,231	

H3: Incorporated into H1 above.

- H4. Provide the percentage of the 2003 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution. <u>51.3</u>%
- **H5.** Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$_______

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

- **H6.** Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
 - Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
 - Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
 - Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: _____

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

FAFSA
Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form
Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement
Business/Farm Supplement
Other:

H8. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application
	Foreign Student's Certification of Finances
\boxtimes	Other: <u>Not available</u>

H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: <u>March 15th</u> Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: <u>N/A</u> _____ No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): <u>True</u>

H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

a.) Students notified on or about (date): _____

b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: <u>yes</u> /no If yes, starting date: <u>On rolling basis beginning 4/10</u>

H11. Indicate reply dates:

Students must reply by (date): ______ or within __60 days_ weeks of notification.

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

\mathbb{X}	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. S	Scholarships and Grants

	NEED-BASED:
\boxtimes	Federal Pell
\boxtimes	SEOG
\boxtimes	State scholarships/grants
\boxtimes	Private scholarships
\boxtimes	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
	Federal Nursing Scholarship
	Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
Χ		Academics			Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2003.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine

(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,

(c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like

(d) faculty on leave without pay, and

(e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.)	Total number of instructional faculty	487	366	853
b.)	Total number who are members of minority groups	59	36	95
c.)	Total number who are women	195	211	406
d.)	Total number who are men	292	155	447
e.)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	13	11	24
f.)	Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	417	117	534
g.)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	66	213	279
h.)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	4	36	40
i.)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	0	0

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2003 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2003 Student to Faculty ratio: 14 to 1.

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2003 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2003. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	128	465	625	438	118	50		1824
		10.10						
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB - SECTIONS	65	78	150	15				308

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2	1
Architecture				4	4
Area and ethnic studies				5	5
Biological/life sciences			7.82%	26	26
Business/marketing			18.27%	8 and 52	52
Communications/communication			17.99%	9 and 10	9 and 10
technologies					
Computer and information			2.31%	11	11
sciences					
Education			10.36%	13	13
Engineering/engineering				14 and 15	14 and 15
technologies					
English			2.50%	23	23
Foreign languages and literature			3.93%	16	16
Health professions and related			0.24%	51	51
sciences					
Home economics and vocational				19 and 20	19
home economics					
Interdisciplinary studies			0.97%	30	30
Law/legal studies				22	22
Liberal arts/general studies				24	24
Library science				25	25
Mathematics			0.46%	27	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29	29
Natural resources/environmental				3	3
science					
Parks and recreation				31	31
Personal and miscellaneous				12	12
services					
Philosophy, religion, theology			1.90%	38 and 39	38 and 39
Physical sciences			3.93%	40 and 41	40 and 41
Protective services/public				43 and 44	43 and 44
administration					
Psychology			7.96%	42	42
Social sciences and history			13.92%	45	45 and 54
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and	46, 47, 48, and
				49	49
Visual and performing arts			7.44%	50	50
Other					
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%		